GenCore version 5.1.6

OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: September 2, 2004, 13:40:11 ; Search time 39.75 Seconds
(without alignments)
2345.677 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-717-789B-12
Perfect score: 1755
Sequence: 1 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQ.....VDPAPLRPLNWNSRLVGRSW 330

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 1586107 seqs, 282547505 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 1586107

Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

Database : A_Geneseq_29Jan04:*
1: geneseqp1980s:*
2: geneseqp1990s:*
3: geneseqp2000s:*
4: geneseqp2001s:*
5: geneseqp2002s:*
6: geneseqp2003as:*
7: geneseqp2003bs:*
8: geneseqp2004s:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	% Query Match	Length	DB	ID	Description
1	1755	100.0	330	3	AAY58163	Aay58163 Adeno ass
2	1755	100.0	330	5	AAU11408	Aau11408 Adeno-ass
3	1755	100.0	550	3	AAY58164	Aay58164 Adeno ass
4	1755	100.0	550	5	AAU11409	Aau11409 Adeno-ass
5	1721	98.1	390	3	AAY58158	Aay58158 Adeno ass
6	1721	98.1	390	5	AAU11403	Aau11403 Adeno-ass
7	1721	98.1	610	3	AAY58159	Aay58159 Adeno ass
8	1721	98.1	610	4	AAY97720	Aay97720 Rep prote
9	1721	98.1	610	5	AAU11404	Aau11404 Adeno-ass
10	1721	98.1	610	5	AAE22887	Aae22887 Adeno-ass
11	1721	98.1	610	5	AAE28644	Aae28644 Adeno-ass
12	1721	98.1	610	5	AAE26940	Aae26940 Adeno ass
13	1721	98.1	610	6	ABU64865	Abu64865 Rep prote
14	1721	98.1	610	6	ABU64760	Abu64760 Adeno ass
15	1721	98.1	610	6	ABR43398	Abr43398 Adeno-ass
16	1169	66.6	399	2	AAW46310	Aaw46310 AAV4 Rep
17	1169	66.6	399	6	ABG73937	Abg73937 Adeno-ass
18	1169	66.6	623	2	AAW46307	Aaw46307 AAV4 Rep
19	1169	66.6	623	2	AAW46312	Aaw46312 AAV4 Rep
20	1169	66.6	623	4	AAY97712	Aay97712 Rep prote
21	1169	66.6	623	5	AAE28636	Aae28636 Adeno-ass
22	1169	66.6	623	5	AAE26932	Aae26932 Adeno ass
23	1169	66.6	623	6	ABU64857	Abu64857 Rep prote
24	1169	66.6	623	6	ABU64752	Abu64752 Adeno ass
25	1169	66.6	623	6	ABG73939	Abg73939 Adeno-ass
26	1169	66.6	623	6	ABG73934	Abg73934 Adeno-ass
27	1169	66.6	623	6	ABR43390	Abr43390 Adeno-ass
28	1168	66.6	623	4	AAY97713	Aay97713 Rep78 pro
29	1168	66.6	623	5	AAE22880	Aae22880 Adeno-ass
30	1168	66.6	623	5	AAE28637	Aae28637 Adeno-ass
31	1168	66.6	623	5	AAE26933	Aae26933 Adeno ass
32	1168	66.6	623	6	ABU64858	Abu64858 Rep78 pro
33	1168	66.6	623	6	ABU64753	Abu64753 Adeno ass
34	1168	66.6	623	6	ABR43391	Abr43391 Adeno-ass
35	1168	66.6	624	4	AAB59850	Aab59850 AAV3B Rep
36	1164.5	66.4	312	2	AAW46309	Aaw46309 AAV4 Rep
37	1164.5	66.4	312	6	ABG73936	Abg73936 Adeno-ass
38	1164.5	66.4	536	2	AAW46311	Aaw46311 AAV4 Rep
39	1164.5	66.4	536	6	ABG73938	Abg73938 Adeno-ass
40	1164	66.3	624	4	AAY97714	Aay97714 Nonstruct
41	1164	66.3	624	4	AAB59849	Aab59849 AAV3A Rep
42	1164	66.3	624	5	AAE22881	Aae22881 Adeno-ass
43	1164	66.3	624	5	AAE28638	Aae28638 Adeno ass
44	1164	66.3	624	5	AAE26934	Aae26934 Adeno ass
45	1164	66.3	624	6	ABU64859	Abu64859 Nonstruct

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1
AAY58163
ID AAY58163 standard; protein; 330 AA.
XX
AC AAY58163;
XX
DT 07-MAR-2000 (first entry)
XX
DE Adeno associated virus AAV5 Rep40 protein.
XX
KW Adeno associated virus; AAV5; AAV2; inverted terminal repeat; ITR;
KW promoter; Rep protein; capsid protein; regulation; transcription;
KW replication; chromosomal integration; tissue tropism; cellular receptor;
KW gene therapy; neutralising antibody; erythroid progenitor cell;
KW transduction; cancer; genetic disease; Rep40.
XX
OS Adeno-associated virus 5.
XX
PN WO9961601-A2.
XX
PD 02-DEC-1999.
XX
PF 28-MAY-1999; 99WO-US011958.
XX
PR 28-MAY-1998; 98US-0087029P.
XX
PA (USSH) US DEPT HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES.
XX
PI Chiorini JA, Kotin RM;
XX
DR WPI; 2000-062707/05.
DR N-PSDB; AAZ49215.
XX
PT Adeno-associated virus 5 based vectors and particles, useful for gene
PT therapy.
XX
PS Claim 16; Page 86; 91pp; English.
XX
CC This sequence represents the Rep40 protein of adeno associated virus type
CC 5 (AAV5). The invention relates to vectors comprising a pair of AAV5
CC inverted terminal repeats (ITRs) with a promoter between the ITRs. The
CC vector may comprise the viral genome, or subregions thereof, including
CC sequences encoding Rep proteins and capsid proteins, and is encapsidated
CC in an AAV5 particle. The non-structural Rep proteins Rep40 (AAY58613),
CC Rep52 (AAY58168), Rep68 (AAY58164) and Rep78 (AAY58159) are involved in
CC regulation of replication and transcription, in addition to the
CC production of progeny genomes. Rep68 and Rep78 are also associated with
CC the stable integration of the viral genome into human chromosomes. The

CC three types of capsid protein VP1 (AAY58160), VP2 (AAY58161) and VP3
CC (AAY58162) assemble to form an icosahedral capsid, and differ from each
CC other by the use of alternative splicing and an unusual translation
CC initiation codon (in VP2). AAV5 capsid protein is distinct from AAV2
CC capsid protein and exhibits different tissue tropism. AAV2 and AAV5 are
CC likely to utilise distinct cellular receptors and are serologically
CC distinct. In a gene therapy application, therefore, AAV5 would allow for
CC transduction of a patient who already possess neutralising antibodies
CC either as a result of natural immunological defence or from prior
CC exposure to AAV2 vectors. The vectors may be useful for transducing
CC erythroid progenitor cells or cells lacking heparin sulphate
CC proteoglycans, which is very inefficient with AAV2-based vectors. The
CC vectors may also be useful for transducing cells with a nucleic acid of
CC interest in order to produce cell lines that could be used to screen for
CC agents that interact with the gene product of the nucleic acid of
CC interest. In addition to transduction of other cell types, transduction
CC of erythroid cells would be useful or the treatment of cancer and genetic
CC diseases which can be corrected by bone marrow transplants using matched
CC donors
XX
SQ Sequence 330 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 1755; DB 3; Length 330;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.7e-164;
Matches 330; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

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Qy    1 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 60
          ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db    1 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 60

Qy   61 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 120
          ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db   61 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 120

Qy  121 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 180
          ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db  121 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 180

Qy  181 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 240
          ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db  181 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 240

Qy  241 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 300
          ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db  241 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 300

Qy  301 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSRLVGRSW 330
          |||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db  301 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSRLVGRSW 330
```

RESULT 2
AAU11408
ID AAU11408 standard; protein; 330 AA.
XX
AC AAU11408;
XX
DT 26-FEB-2002 (first entry)
XX
DE Adeno-associated virus 5 (AAV5), Rep40 protein.
XX
KW Adeno-associated virus 5; AAV5; Rep40; nootropic; neuroprotective;
KW cytostatic; gene therapy; Parkinson's disease; Alzheimer's disease;
KW demyelination disease; metabolic disorder; musculoskeletal disease;
KW cardiovascular disease; cancer; autoimmune disorder; genetic disease;
KW cystic fibrosis; pseudohypoaldosteronism; immotile cilia syndrome;
KW bronchitis; pneumonia; emphysema; pulmonary oedema;
KW central nervous system; replication; transcription.
XX
OS Adeno-associated virus 5.
XX
PN WO200170276-A2.
XX
PD 27-SEP-2001.
XX
PF 22-MAR-2001; 2001WO-US009123.
XX
PR 22-MAR-2000; 2000US-00533427.
XX
PA (IOWA) UNIV IOWA RES FOUND.
PA (USSH) US DEPT HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES.
XX
PI Chiorini JA, Kotin RM, Davidson B, Zabner J;
XX
DR WPI; 2002-055104/07.
DR N-PSDB; AAS17712.
XX
PT Delivering nucleic acid into cell for treating Parkinson's disease, by
PT administering to cell an adeno-associated virus 5 particle comprising the
PT nucleic acid inserted between a pair of AAV inverted terminal repeats.
XX
PS Disclosure; Page 125; 130pp; English.
XX
CC The invention describes a novel method of delivering a nucleic acid into
CC a cell in a subject, comprising administering to the cell an adeno-
CC associated virus 5 (AAV5) particle. AAV5 is a small non-pathogenic virus
CC which relies on a helper virus for replication, in the absence of which
CC the AAV5 genome is integrated into a host chromosome in a locus specific
CC manner. The method provides a way to deliver a nucleic acid to a specific
CC regions, tissues and cell types of the central nervous system comprising
CC inserting the nucleic acid between a pair of AAV inverted terminal
CC repeats or delivering an AAV5 particle containing a vector comprising the
CC nucleic acid. The method is useful for treating brain disorders such as
CC demyelination disease, Alzheimer's disease and Parkinson's disease, and
CC metabolic disorders such as musculoskeletal diseases, cardiovascular
CC disease, cancer and autoimmune disorders, for treating genetic diseases
CC such as cystic fibrosis, alpha-1-antitrypsin, pseudohypoaldosteronism,
CC immotile cilia syndrome, and for treating bronchitis, pneumonia,
CC emphysema, and cardiogenic and non-cardiogenic pulmonary oedema. AAV5 is
CC useful for delivering gene that may have a systematic effect like anti-
CC hypertension drugs, insulin, coagulation factors, antibiotics, growth
CC factors and hormones. This is the amino acid sequence of the adeno-
CC associated virus 5 (AAV5) Rep40 protein, one of 4 Rep proteins that
CC regulate replication and transcription of the AAV5 genome, described in
CC the method of the invention
XX
SQ Sequence 330 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 1755; DB 5; Length 330;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 6.7e-164;
Matches 330; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

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Qy    1 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 60
          ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db    1 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 60

Qy   61 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 120
          ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db   61 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 120

Qy  121 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 180
          ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db  121 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 180

Qy  181 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 240
          ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db  181 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 240

Qy  241 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 300
          ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db  241 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 300

Qy  301 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSRLVGRSW 330
          |||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db  301 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSRLVGRSW 330
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RESULT 3
AAY58164
ID   AAY58164 standard; protein; 550 AA.
XX
AC   AAY58164;
XX
DT   07-MAR-2000  (first entry)
XX
DE   Adeno associated virus AAV5 Rep68 protein.
XX
KW   Adeno associated virus; AAV5; AAV2; inverted terminal repeat; ITR;
KW   promoter; Rep protein; capsid protein; regulation; transcription;
KW   replication; chromosomal integration; tissue tropism; cellular receptor;
KW   gene therapy; neutralising antibody; erythroid progenitor cell;
KW   transduction; cancer; genetic disease; Rep68.
XX
OS   Adeno-associated virus 5.
XX
PN   WO9961601-A2.
XX
PD   02-DEC-1999.
XX
PF   28-MAY-1999;   99WO-US011958.
XX
PR   28-MAY-1998;   98US-0087029P.
XX
PA   (USSH ) US DEPT HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES.
XX
PI   Chiorini JA,  Kotin RM;
XX
DR   WPI; 2000-062707/05.
DR   N-PSDB; AAZ49216.
XX
PT   Adeno-associated virus 5 based vectors and particles, useful for gene
PT   therapy.
XX
PS   Claim 17; Page 87-88; 91pp; English.
XX
CC   This sequence represents the Rep68 protein of adeno associated virus type
CC   5 (AAV5). The invention relates to vectors comprising a pair of AAV5
CC   inverted terminal repeats (ITRs) with a promoter between the ITRs. The
CC   vector may comprise the viral genome, or subregions thereof, including
CC   sequences encoding Rep proteins and capsid proteins, and is encapsidated
CC   in an AAV5 particle. The non-structural Rep proteins Rep40 (AAY58613),
CC   Rep52 (AAY58168), Rep68 (AAY58164) and Rep78 (AAY58159) are involved in
CC   regulation of replication and transcription, in addition to the
CC   production of progeny genomes. Rep68 and Rep78 are also associated with
CC   the stable integration of the viral genome into human chromosomes. The
CC   three types of capsid protein VP1 (AAY58160), VP2 (AAY58161) and VP3
CC   (AAY58162) assemble to form an icosahedral capsid, and differ from each
CC   other by the use of alternative splicing and an unusual translation
CC   initiation codon (in VP2). AAV5 capsid protein is distinct from AAV2
CC   capsid protein and exhibits different tissue tropism. AAV2 and AAV5 are
CC   likely to utilise distinct cellular receptors and are serologically
CC   distinct. In a gene therapy application, therefore, AAV5 would allow for
CC   transduction of a patient who already possess neutralising antibodies
CC   either as a result of natural immunological defence or from prior
CC   exposure to AAV2 vectors. The vectors may be useful for transducing
CC   erythroid progenitor cells or cells lacking heparin sulphate
CC   proteoglycans, which is very inefficient with AAV2-based vectors. The
CC   vectors may also be useful for transducing cells with a nucleic acid of
CC   interest in order to produce cell lines that could be used to screen for
CC   agents that interact with the gene product of the nucleic acid of
CC   interest. In addition to transduction of other cell types, transduction
CC   of erythroid cells would be useful or the treatment of cancer and genetic
CC   diseases which can be corrected by bone marrow transplants using matched
CC   donors
XX
SQ   Sequence 550 AA;

  Query Match             100.0%;  Score 1755;  DB 3;  Length 550;
  Best Local Similarity   100.0%;  Pred. No. 1.5e-163;
    Matches  330;  Conservative    0;  Mismatches    0;  Indels    0;  Gaps    0;

Qy          1 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 60
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        221 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 280

Qy         61 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 120
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        281 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 340

Qy        121 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 180
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        341 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 400

Qy        181 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 240
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        401 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 460

Qy        241 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 300
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        461 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 520

Qy        301 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSRLVGRSW 330
              |||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        521 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSRLVGRSW 550


RESULT 4
AAU11409
ID   AAU11409 standard; protein; 550 AA.
XX
AC   AAU11409;
XX
DT   26-FEB-2002  (first entry)
XX
DE   Adeno-associated virus 5 (AAV5), Rep68 protein.
XX
KW   Adeno-associated virus 5; AAV5; Rep68; nootropic; neuroprotective;
KW   cytostatic; gene therapy; Parkinson's disease; Alzheimer's disease;
KW   demyelination disease; metabolic disorder; musculoskeletal disease;
KW   cardiovascular disease; cancer; autoimmune disorder; genetic disease;
KW   cystic fibrosis; pseudohypoaldosteronism; immotile cilia syndrome;
KW   bronchitis; pneumonia; emphysema; pulmonary oedema;
KW   central nervous system; replication; transcription.
XX
OS   Adeno-associated virus 5.
XX
PN   WO200170276-A2.
XX
PD   27-SEP-2001.
XX
PF   22-MAR-2001; 2001WO-US009123.
XX
PR   22-MAR-2000; 2000US-00533427.
XX
PA   (IOWA ) UNIV IOWA RES FOUND.
PA   (USSH ) US DEPT HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES.
XX
PI   Chiorini JA,  Kotin RM,  Davidson B,  Zabner J;
XX
DR   WPI; 2002-055104/07.
DR   N-PSDB; AAS17712.
XX
PT   Delivering nucleic acid into cell for treating Parkinson's disease, by
PT   administering to cell an adeno-associated virus 5 particle comprising the
PT   nucleic acid inserted between a pair of AAV inverted terminal repeats.
XX
PS   Disclosure; Page 126-127; 130pp; English.
XX
CC   The invention describes a novel method of delivering a nucleic acid into
CC   a cell in a subject, comprising administering to the cell an adeno-
CC   associated virus 5 (AAV5) particle. AAV5 is a small non-pathogenic virus
CC   which relies on a helper virus for replication, in the absence of which
```

CC the AAV5 genome is integrated into a host chromosome in a locus specific
CC manner. The method provides a way to deliver a nucleic acid to a specific
CC regions, tissues and cell types of the central nervous system comprising
CC inserting the nucleic acid between a pair of AAV inverted terminal
CC repeats or delivering an AAV5 particle containing a vector comprising the
CC nucleic acid. The method is useful for treating brain disorders such as
CC demyelination disease, Alzheimer's disease and Parkinson's disease, and
CC metabolic disorders such as musculoskeletal diseases, cardiovascular
CC disease, cancer and autoimmune disorders, for treating genetic diseases
CC such as cystic fibrosis, alpha-1-antitrypsin, pseudohypoaldosteronism,
CC immotile cilia syndrome, and for treating bronchitis, pneumonia,
CC emphysema, and cardiogenic and non-cardiogenic pulmonary oedema. AAV5 is
CC useful for delivering gene that may have a systematic effect like anti-
CC hypertension drugs, insulin, coagulation factors, antibiotics, growth
CC factors and hormones. This is the amino acid sequence of the adeno-
CC associated virus 5 (AAV5) Rep68 protein, one of 4 Rep proteins that
CC regulate replication and transcription of the AAV5 genome, described in
CC the method of the invention
XX
SQ Sequence 550 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 1755; DB 5; Length 550;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.5e-163;
Matches 330; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

```
Qy          1 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 60
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        221 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 280

Qy         61 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 120
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        281 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 340

Qy        121 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 180
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        341 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 400

Qy        181 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 240
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        401 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 460

Qy        241 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 300
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        461 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 520

Qy        301 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSRLVGRSW 330
              |||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        521 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSRLVGRSW 550
```

RESULT 5
AAY58158
ID AAY58158 standard; protein; 390 AA.
XX
AC AAY58158;
XX
DT 07-MAR-2000 (first entry)
XX
DE Adeno associated virus AAV5 Rep52 protein.
XX
KW Adeno associated virus; AAV5; AAV2; inverted terminal repeat; ITR;
KW promoter; Rep protein; capsid protein; regulation; transcription;
KW replication; chromosomal integration; tissue tropism; cellular receptor;
KW gene therapy; neutralising antibody; erythroid progenitor cell;
KW transduction; cancer; genetic disease; Rep52.
XX
OS Adeno-associated virus 5.
XX
PN WO9961601-A2.
XX
PD 02-DEC-1999.
XX
PF 28-MAY-1999; 99WO-US011958.
XX
PR 28-MAY-1998; 98US-0087029P.
XX
PA (USSH) US DEPT HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES.
XX
PI Chiorini JA, Kotin RM;
XX
DR WPI; 2000-062707/05.
DR N-PSDB; AAZ49210.
XX
PT Adeno-associated virus 5 based vectors and particles, useful for gene
PT therapy.
XX
PS Claim 14; Page 75; 91pp; English.
XX
CC This sequence represents the Rep52 protein of adeno associated virus type
CC 5 (AAV5). The invention relates to vectors comprising a pair of AAV5
CC inverted terminal repeats (ITRs) with a promoter between the ITRs. The
CC vector may comprise the viral genome, or subregions thereof, including
CC sequences encoding Rep proteins and capsid proteins, and is encapsidated
CC in an AAV5 particle. The non-structural Rep proteins Rep40 (AAY58613),
CC Rep52 (AAY58168), Rep68 (AAY58164) and Rep78 (AAY58159) are involved in
CC regulation of replication and transcription, in addition to the
CC production of progeny genomes. Rep68 and Rep78 are also associated with
CC the stable integration of the viral genome into human chromosomes. The
CC three types of capsid protein VP1 (AAY58160), VP2 (AAY58161) and VP3
CC (AAY58162) assemble to form an icosahedral capsid, and differ from each
CC other by the use of alternative splicing and an unusual translation
CC initiation codon (in VP2). AAV5 capsid protein is distinct from AAV2
CC capsid protein and exhibits different tissue tropism. AAV2 and AAV5 are
CC likely to utilise distinct cellular receptors and are serologically
CC distinct. In a gene therapy application, therefore, AAV5 would allow for
CC transduction of a patient who already possess neutralising antibodies
CC either as a result of natural immunological defence or from prior
CC exposure to AAV2 vectors. The vectors may be useful for transducing
CC erythroid progenitor cells or cells lacking heparin sulphate
CC proteoglycans, which is very inefficient with AAV2-based vectors. The
CC vectors may also be useful for transducing cells with a nucleic acid of
CC interest in order to produce cell lines that could be used to screen for
CC agents that interact with the gene product of the nucleic acid of
CC interest. In addition to transduction of other cell types, transduction
CC of erythroid cells would be useful or the treatment of cancer and genetic
CC diseases which can be corrected by bone marrow transplants using matched
CC donors
XX
SQ Sequence 390 AA;

Query Match 98.1%; Score 1721; DB 3; Length 390;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.9e-160;
Matches 324; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

```
Qy          1 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 60
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db          1 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 60

Qy         61 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 120
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db         61 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 120

Qy        121 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 180
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        121 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 180

Qy        181 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 240
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        181 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 240

Qy        241 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 300
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        241 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 300

Qy        301 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSR 324
              |||||||||||||||||||||||||
```

```
Db        301 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSR 324

RESULT 6
AAU11403
ID   AAU11403 standard; protein; 390 AA.
XX
AC   AAU11403;
XX
DT   26-FEB-2002  (first entry)
XX
DE   Adeno-associated virus 5 (AAV5), Rep52 protein.
XX
KW   Adeno-associated virus 5; AAV5; Rep52; nootropic; neuroprotective;
KW   cytostatic; gene therapy; Parkinson's disease; Alzheimer's disease;
KW   demyelination disease; metabolic disorder; musculoskeletal disease;
KW   cardiovascular disease; cancer; autoimmune disorder; genetic disease;
KW   cystic fibrosis; pseudohypoaldosteronism; immotile cilia syndrome;
KW   bronchitis; pneumonia; emphysema; pulmonary oedema;
KW   central nervous system; replication; transcription.
XX
OS   Adeno-associated virus 5.
XX
PN   WO200170276-A2.
XX
PD   27-SEP-2001.
XX
PF   22-MAR-2001; 2001WO-US009123.
XX
PR   22-MAR-2000; 2000US-00533427.
XX
PA   (IOWA ) UNIV IOWA RES FOUND.
PA   (USSH ) US DEPT HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES.
XX
PI   Chiorini JA,  Kotin RM,  Davidson B,  Zabner J;
XX
DR   WPI; 2002-055104/07.
DR   N-PSDB; AAS17712.
XX
PT   Delivering nucleic acid into cell for treating Parkinson's disease, by
PT   administering to cell an adeno-associated virus 5 particle comprising the
PT   nucleic acid inserted between a pair of AAV inverted terminal repeats.
XX
PS   Disclosure; Page 114-115; 130pp; English.
XX
CC   The invention describes a novel method of delivering a nucleic acid into
CC   a cell in a subject, comprising administering to the cell an adeno-
CC   associated virus 5 (AAV5) particle. AAV5 is a small non-pathogenic virus
CC   which relies on a helper virus for replication, in the absence of which
CC   the AAV5 genome is integrated into a host chromosome in a locus specific
CC   manner. The method provides a way to deliver a nucleic acid to a specific
CC   regions, tissues and cell types of the central nervous system comprising
CC   inserting the nucleic acid between a pair of AAV inverted terminal
CC   repeats or delivering an AAV5 particle containing a vector comprising the
CC   nucleic acid. The method is useful for treating brain disorders such as
CC   demyelination disease, Alzheimer's disease and Parkinson's disease, and
CC   metabolic disorders such as musculoskeletal diseases, cardiovascular
CC   disease, cancer and autoimmune disorders, for treating genetic diseases
CC   such as cystic fibrosis, alpha-1-antitrypsin, pseudohypoaldosteronism,
CC   immotile cilia syndrome, and for treating bronchitis, pneumonia,
CC   emphysema, and cardiogenic and non-cardiogenic pulmonary oedema. AAV5 is
CC   useful for delivering gene that may have a systematic effect like anti-
CC   hypertension drugs, insulin, coagulation factors, antibiotics, growth
CC   factors and hormones. This is the amino acid sequence of the adeno-
CC   associated virus 5 (AAV5) Rep52 protein, one of 4 Rep proteins that
CC   regulate replication and transcription of the AAV5 genome, described in
CC   the method of the invention
XX
SQ   Sequence 390 AA;

Query Match             98.1%;  Score 1721;  DB 5;  Length 390;
Best Local Similarity   100.0%;  Pred. No. 1.9e-160;
Matches  324;  Conservative    0;  Mismatches    0;  Indels    0;  Gaps    0;

Qy          1 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 60
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db          1 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 60

Qy         61 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 120
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db         61 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 120

Qy        121 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 180
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        121 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 180

Qy        181 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 240
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        181 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 240

Qy        241 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 300
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        241 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 300

Qy        301 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSR 324
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        301 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSR 324

RESULT 7
AAY58159
ID   AAY58159 standard; protein; 610 AA.
XX
AC   AAY58159;
XX
DT   07-MAR-2000  (first entry)
XX
DE   Adeno associated virus AAV5 Rep78 protein.
XX
KW   Adeno associated virus; AAV5; AAV2; inverted terminal repeat; ITR;
KW   promoter; Rep protein; capsid protein; regulation; transcription;
KW   replication; chromosomal integration; tissue tropism; cellular receptor;
KW   gene therapy; neutralising antibody; erythroid progenitor cell;
KW   transduction; cancer; genetic disease; Rep78.
XX
OS   Adeno-associated virus 5.
XX
PN   WO9961601-A2.
XX
PD   02-DEC-1999.
XX
PF   28-MAY-1999;   99WO-US011958.
XX
PR   28-MAY-1998;   98US-0087029P.
XX
PA   (USSH ) US DEPT HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES.
XX
PI   Chiorini JA,  Kotin RM;
XX
DR   WPI; 2000-062707/05.
DR   N-PSDB; AAZ49211.
XX
PT   Adeno-associated virus 5 based vectors and particles, useful for gene
PT   therapy.
XX
PS   Claim 15; Fig 6; 91pp; English.
XX
CC   This sequence represents the Rep78 protein of adeno associated virus type
CC   5 (AAV5). The invention relates to vectors comprising a pair of AAV5
CC   inverted terminal repeats (ITRs) with a promoter between the ITRs. The
CC   vector may comprise the viral genome, or subregions thereof, including
CC   sequences encoding Rep proteins and capsid proteins, and is encapsidated
CC   in an AAV5 particle. The non-structural Rep proteins Rep40 (AAY58613),
CC   Rep52 (AAY58168), Rep68 (AAY58164) and Rep78 (AAY58159) are involved in
CC   regulation of replication and transcription, in addition to the
CC   production of progeny genomes. Rep68 and Rep78 are also associated with
```

CC the stable integration of the viral genome into human chromosomes. The
CC three types of capsid protein VP1 (AAY58160), VP2 (AAY58161) and VP3
CC (AAY58162) assemble to form an icosahedral capsid, and differ from each
CC other by the use of alternative splicing and an unusual translation
CC initiation codon (in VP2). AAV5 capsid protein is distinct from AAV2
CC capsid protein and exhibits different tissue tropism. AAV2 and AAV5 are
CC likely to utilise distinct cellular receptors and are serologically
CC distinct. In a gene therapy application, therefore, AAV5 would allow for
CC transduction of a patient who already possess neutralising antibodies
CC either as a result of natural immunological defence or from prior
CC exposure to AAV2 vectors. The vectors may be useful for transducing
CC erythroid progenitor cells or cells lacking heparin sulphate
CC proteoglycans, which is very inefficient with AAV2-based vectors. The
CC vectors may also be useful for transducing cells with a nucleic acid of
CC interest in order to produce cell lines that could be used to screen for
CC agents that interact with the gene product of the nucleic acid of
CC interest. In addition to transduction of other cell types, transduction
CC of erythroid cells would be useful or the treatment of cancer and genetic
CC diseases which can be corrected by bone marrow transplants using matched
CC donors
XX
SQ Sequence 610 AA;

Query Match 98.1%; Score 1721; DB 3; Length 610;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.8e-160;
Matches 324; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

```
Qy          1 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 60
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        221 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 280

Qy         61 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 120
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        281 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 340

Qy        121 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 180
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        341 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 400

Qy        181 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 240
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        401 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 460

Qy        241 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 300
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        461 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 520

Qy        301 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSR 324
              |||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        521 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSR 544
```

RESULT 8
AAY97720
ID AAY97720 standard; protein; 610 AA.
XX
AC AAY97720;
XX
DT 19-JUN-2001 (first entry)
XX
DE Rep protein sequence.
XX
KW Fusion nucleic acid library; Rep protein; tumour cell; apoptosis;
KW nucleic acid modification enzyme; cell death; decreased cell growth;
KW protein-protein interaction detection; cell division; cancer therapy;
KW protein drug discovery; pharmacogenetics.
XX
OS Adeno associated virus 5.
XX
PN WO200114539-A2.
XX
PD 01-MAR-2001.
XX
PF 18-AUG-2000; 2000WO-US022906.
XX
PR 20-AUG-1999; 99US-0150004P.
PR 02-JUN-2000; 2000US-0209130P.
XX
PA (UYJO) UNIV JOHNS HOPKINS SCHOOL MEDICINE.
XX
PI Li M;
XX
DR WPI; 2001-218443/22.
DR N-PSDB; AAA91310.
XX
PT New library of fusion nucleic acids each encoding a Rep protein
PT recognized by a nucleic acid modification enzyme and a candidate protein,
PT useful for detecting protein-protein interactions, protein drug discovery
PT or pharmacogenetics.
XX
PS Disclosure; Fig 21; 106pp; English.
XX
CC This sequence is the adeno associated virus 5 Rep protein. The invention
CC relates to a library of fusion nucleic acids, each encoding a Rep
CC protein, a candidate protein, a presentation structure, a targeting
CC sequence or a label. The Rep protein is a nucleic acid modification
CC enzyme. The random or directed libraries (including the cDNA libraries)
CC can be introduced into any tumour cell, and peptides identified which by
CC themselves induce apoptosis, cell death, loss of cell division or
CC decreased cell growth. The methods and compositions may also be used to
CC detect protein-protein interactions, protein drug discovery, particularly
CC for protein drugs that interact with targets on cell surfaces, to
CC discover DNA or nucleic acid binding proteins, using nucleic acids as
CC targets, to screen for nucleic acid modification enzymes with decreased
CC toxicity for the host cells, to identify or generate Rep proteins with
CC decreased toxicity, improved enzyme attachment sequences for use in
CC expression vectors and in pharmacogenetic studies. The method is useful
CC in cancer therapy and in killing tumour cells. The methods can be
CC combined with other cancer therapeutics (drugs or radiation) to sensitize
CC cells and thus induce rapid and specific apoptosis, cell death, loss of
CC cell division or decreased cell growth after exposure to a secondary
CC agent
XX
SQ Sequence 610 AA;

Query Match 98.1%; Score 1721; DB 4; Length 610;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.8e-160;
Matches 324; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

```
Qy          1 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 60
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        221 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 280

Qy         61 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 120
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        281 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 340

Qy        121 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 180
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        341 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 400

Qy        181 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 240
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        401 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 460

Qy        241 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 300
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        461 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 520

Qy        301 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSR 324
              |||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        521 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSR 544
```

RESULT 9
AAU11404

```
ID   AAU11404 standard; protein; 610 AA.
XX
AC   AAU11404;
XX
DT   26-FEB-2002  (first entry)
XX
DE   Adeno-associated virus 5 (AAV5), Rep78 protein.
XX
KW   Adeno-associated virus 5; AAV5; Rep78; nootropic; neuroprotective;
KW   cytostatic; gene therapy; Parkinson's disease; Alzheimer's disease;
KW   demyelination disease; metabolic disorder; musculoskeletal disease;
KW   cardiovascular disease; cancer; autoimmune disorder; genetic disease;
KW   cystic fibrosis; pseudohypoaldosteronism; immotile cilia syndrome;
KW   bronchitis; pneumonia; emphysema; pulmonary oedema;
KW   central nervous system; replication; transcription.
XX
OS   Adeno-associated virus 5.
XX
PN   WO200170276-A2.
XX
PD   27-SEP-2001.
XX
PF   22-MAR-2001; 2001WO-US009123.
XX
PR   22-MAR-2000; 2000US-00533427.
XX
PA   (IOWA ) UNIV IOWA RES FOUND.
PA   (USSH ) US DEPT HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES.
XX
PI   Chiorini JA,  Kotin RM,  Davidson B,  Zabner J;
XX
DR   WPI; 2002-055104/07.
DR   N-PSDB; AAS17712.
XX
PT   Delivering nucleic acid into cell for treating Parkinson's disease, by
PT   administering to cell an adeno-associated virus 5 particle comprising the
PT   nucleic acid inserted between a pair of AAV inverted terminal repeats.
XX
PS   Disclosure; Fig 6; 130pp; English.
XX
CC   The invention describes a novel method of delivering a nucleic acid into
CC   a cell in a subject, comprising administering to the cell an adeno-
CC   associated virus 5 (AAV5) particle. AAV5 is a small non-pathogenic virus
CC   which relies on a helper virus for replication, in the absence of which
CC   the AAV5 genome is integrated into a host chromosome in a locus specific
CC   manner. The method provides a way to deliver a nucleic acid to a specific
CC   regions, tissues and cell types of the central nervous system comprising
CC   inserting the nucleic acid between a pair of AAV inverted terminal
CC   repeats or delivering an AAV5 particle containing a vector comprising the
CC   nucleic acid. The method is useful for treating brain disorders such as
CC   demyelination disease, Alzheimer's disease and Parkinson's disease, and
CC   metabolic disorders such as musculoskeletal diseases, cardiovascular
CC   disease, cancer and autoimmune disorders, for treating genetic diseases
CC   such as cystic fibrosis, alpha-1-antitrypsin, pseudohypoaldosteronism,
CC   immotile cilia syndrome, and for treating bronchitis, pneumonia,
CC   emphysema, and cardiogenic and non-cardiogenic pulmonary oedema. AAV5 is
CC   useful for delivering gene that may have a systematic effect like anti-
CC   hypertension drugs, insulin, coagulation factors, antibiotics, growth
CC   factors and hormones. This is the amino acid sequence of the adeno-
CC   associated virus 5 (AAV5) Rep78 protein, one of 4 Rep proteins that
CC   regulate replication and transcription of the AAV5 genome, described in
CC   the method of the invention
XX
SQ   Sequence 610 AA;

  Query Match             98.1%;  Score 1721;  DB 5;  Length 610;
  Best Local Similarity   100.0%;  Pred. No. 3.8e-160;
  Matches  324;  Conservative    0;  Mismatches    0;  Indels    0;  Gaps    0;

Qy          1 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 60
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        221 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 280

Qy         61 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 120
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        281 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 340

Qy        121 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 180
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        341 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 400

Qy        181 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 240
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        401 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 460

Qy        241 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 300
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        461 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 520

Qy        301 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSR 324
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        521 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSR 544


RESULT 10
AAE22887
ID   AAE22887 standard; protein; 610 AA.
XX
AC   AAE22887;
XX
DT   29-AUG-2003  (revised)
DT   09-AUG-2002  (first entry)
XX
DE   Adeno-associated virus 5 Rep protein.
XX
KW   Nucleic acid/protein conjugate; NAP; nucleic acid modification; NAM; EAS;
KW   enzyme attachment sequence; cancer therapy; protein-protein interaction;
KW   drug discovery; Rep protein; adeno-associated virus; AAV; gene therapy;
KW   cytostatic; Rep protein.
XX
OS   Adeno associated virus; 5.
XX
PN   WO200222826-A2.
XX
PD   21-MAR-2002.
XX
PF   14-SEP-2001; 2001WO-US028702.
XX
PR   14-SEP-2000; 2000US-0232960P.
XX
PA   (XENC-) XENCOR INC.
XX
PI   Li M,  Melander C,  Liu H;
XX
DR   WPI; 2002-393969/42.
DR   N-PSDB; AAD36281.
XX
PT   Library of nucleic acid/protein conjugates, has a fusion of nucleic acid
PT   modification enzyme and candidate compound, and expression vector having
PT   a fusion of nucleic acids encoding NAM enzyme and the compound.
XX
PS   Disclosure; Fig 21; 96pp; English.
XX
CC   The present invention relates to genetic libraries of nucleic acid/
CC   protein (NAP) conjugates comprising a fusion polypeptide (with a nucleic
CC   acid modification (NAM) enzyme (E) and candidate compound), an expression
CC   vector (with a fusion of nucleic acids encoding the enzyme and candidate
CC   protein respectively), an enzyme attachment sequence (EAS; RNA sequence),
CC   where the candidate compound and candidate protein are different and EAS
CC   and the enzyme are covalently linked. The NAP conjugates are useful in
CC   screens to assay binding to target molecules and/or to screen candidate
CC   agents for the ability to modulate the activity of the target molecule.
CC   They are useful in cancer therapy. Sequences of the invention are also
CC   useful to detect protein-protein interaction, in drug discovery, to
CC   discover DNA or nucleic acid binding proteins, using nucleic acids as the
CC   targets and to screen for NAM enzymes with decreased toxicity for host
```

CC cells (specifically Rep proteins with reduced toxicity). NAP conjugates
CC are also useful in pharmacogenomic studies, for screening bioactive
CC agents on surface cells, viruses and microbial organisms. They are also
CC useful for screening proteins causing phenotypic changes such as
CC overproduction or inhibition of protein expression, or proteins that
CC alter attachment, infectivity, etc. of the virus. Sequences of the
CC invention are also used in gene therapy. The present sequence is adeno-
CC associated virus (AAV) 5 Rep. (Updated on 29-AUG-2003 to standardise OS
CC field)
XX
SQ Sequence 610 AA;

Query Match 98.1%; Score 1721; DB 5; Length 610;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.8e-160;
Matches 324; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

```
Qy          1 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 60
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        221 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 280

Qy         61 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 120
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        281 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 340

Qy        121 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 180
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        341 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 400

Qy        181 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 240
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        401 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 460

Qy        241 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 300
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        461 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 520

Qy        301 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSR 324
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        521 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSR 544
```

RESULT 11
AAE28644
ID AAE28644 standard; protein; 610 AA.
XX
AC AAE28644;
XX
DT 29-AUG-2003 (revised)
DT 27-DEC-2002 (first entry)
XX
DE Adeno-associated virus 5 Rep protein.
XX
KW Nucleic acid modification enzyme; NAM; enzyme attachment sequence; EAS;
KW protein design automation; PDA; cancer; protein-protein interaction;
KW infection; gene therapy; Rep protein.
XX
OS Adeno associated virus; 5.
XX
PN WO200268453-A2.
XX
PD 06-SEP-2002.
XX
PF 19-FEB-2002; 2002WO-US004853.
XX
PR 22-FEB-2001; 2001US-00792629.
XX
PA (XENC-) XENCOR INC.
XX
PI Li M, Dahiyat BI;
XX
DR WPI; 2002-691653/74.
DR N-PSDB; AAD46138.
XX

PT Generating a library of fusion nucleic acids for treating cancer or
PT infection, or detecting protein-protein interaction, comprises providing
PT computationally-derived library of candidate protein sequences and
PT expression vectors.
XX
PS Disclosure; Page 180-182; 246pp; English.
XX
CC The present invention relates to a novel method of generating a library
CC of fusion nucleic acids. The method involves providing a computationally-
CC derived library of candidate protein sequences and creating a library of
CC expression vectors containing a fusion nucleic acid having a sequence
CC encoding a nucleic acid modification (NAM) enzyme and a sequence encoding
CC a candidate protein sequence from the library and an enzyme attachment
CC sequence (EAS) that is recognised by the NAM enzyme. The invention also
CC relates to the use of a variety of computation methods including protein
CC design automation (PDA). The method is useful in generating and screening
CC fusion nucleic acids that may be used in treating cancer or infections,
CC in detecting protein-protein interactions, discovery of DNA or nucleic
CC acid binding proteins, protein drug discovery, screening for NAM enzymes
CC with decreased toxicity to the host cells and NAM enzyme/EAS pairs with
CC increased affinity or in pharmacogenetic studies. The invention is also
CC used in gene therapy. The present sequence is Adeno-associated virus 5
CC Rep protein. This sequence is used to illustrate the method of the
CC invention. (Updated on 29-AUG-2003 to standardise OS field)
XX
SQ Sequence 610 AA;

Query Match 98.1%; Score 1721; DB 5; Length 610;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.8e-160;
Matches 324; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

```
Qy          1 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 60
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        221 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 280

Qy         61 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 120
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        281 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 340

Qy        121 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 180
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        341 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 400

Qy        181 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 240
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        401 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 460

Qy        241 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 300
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        461 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 520

Qy        301 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSR 324
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        521 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSR 544
```

RESULT 12
AAE26940
ID AAE26940 standard; protein; 610 AA.
XX
AC AAE26940;
XX
DT 13-DEC-2002 (first entry)
XX
DE Adeno associated virus 5 Rep protein.
XX
KW Prokaryotic library; candidate protein; nucleic acid modification; NAM;
KW enzyme attachment sequence; EAS; clinical pharmacology; chemical sensor;
KW enzymology; cosmetic research; toxic; environmental safety assessment;
KW nutrient biology; Rep protein.
XX
OS Adeno associated virus.
XX

PN WO200266653-A2.
XX
PD 29-AUG-2002.
XX
PF 14-DEC-2001; 2001WO-US049058.
XX
PR 14-DEC-2000; 2000US-0256163P.
XX
PA (XENC-) XENCOR INC.
XX
PI Li M, Liu Y;
XX
DR WPI; 2002-667068/71.
DR N-PSDB; AAD44600.
XX
PT New library of prokaryotic pET-24a expression vectors, host cells or
PT nucleic acid/protein conjugates, useful for screening candidate proteins
PT and their nucleic acids or modification enzymes for pharmacogenetic
PT analysis.
XX
PS Disclosure; Fig 21; 127pp; English.
XX
CC The invention relates to methods and compositions for the construction of
CC prokaryotic libraries expressing candidate proteins and the use of these
CC libraries to identify candidate proteins and the nucleic acids encoding
CC them. The invention provides a library of prokaryotic pET-24a vectors
CC comprising a fusion nucleic acid consisting of a nucleic acid encoding a
CC nucleic acid modification (NAM) enzyme or a candidate protein, or a
CC nucleic acid having a T7 promoter operably linked to the NAM enzyme or
CC the candidate protein, and an enzyme attachment sequence (EAS) recognised
CC by the NAM enzyme. The library is used for identifying candidate proteins
CC and nucleic acids encoding these proteins, in screening for NAM enzymes
CC with decreased toxicity for the host cells, or in identifying novel or
CC improved EASs, which may be used for understanding cellular processes or
CC any subsequent therapeutic or toxic activities. The nucleic acid/protein
CC (NAP) conjugates are useful in diagnostic assays and in research
CC including clinical pharmacology, functional genomics, pharmacogenomics,
CC agricultural chemicals, environmental safety assessment, chemical sensor,
CC nutrient biology, cosmetic research or enzymology. These may also be used
CC in in vitro screening techniques and in assays with target molecules. The
CC present sequence is Adeno associated virus 5 Rep protein used in the
CC invention
XX
SQ Sequence 610 AA;

Query Match 98.1%; Score 1721; DB 5; Length 610;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.8e-160;
Matches 324; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

```
Qy          1 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 60
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        221 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 280

Qy         61 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 120
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        281 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 340

Qy        121 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 180
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        341 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 400

Qy        181 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 240
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        401 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 460

Qy        241 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 300
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        461 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 520

Qy        301 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSR 324
              |||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        521 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSR 544
```

RESULT 13
ABU64865
ID ABU64865 standard; protein; 610 AA.
XX
AC ABU64865;
XX
DT 14-MAY-2003 (first entry)
XX
DE Rep protein sequence from adeno-associated virus 5.
XX
KW Rep protein; capture probe; expression vector;
KW nucleic acid protein conjugate; NAP; enzyme attachment sequence; EAS;
KW biochip; gene expression profiling; mutation detection; Rep68; Rep78;
KW nonstructural protein; NS1; major coat protein; U94.
XX
OS Adeno-associated virus 5.
XX
PN US2002172968-A1.
XX
PD 21-NOV-2002.
XX
PF 19-FEB-2002; 2002US-00080376.
XX
PR 22-FEB-2001; 2001US-00792630.
XX
PA (LIUH/) LIU H.
PA (DAHI/) DAHIYAT B I.
PA (LIMM/) LI M.
XX
PI Liu H, Dahiyat BI, Li M;
XX
DR WPI; 2003-310986/30.
DR N-PSDB; ABX96669.
XX
PT New composition comprising a substrate consisting of an array of capture
PT probes hybridized to an expression vector or to a nucleic acid protein
PT conjugate, useful for diagnostic test, gene expression profiling or
PT mutation detection.
XX
PS Disclosure; Fig 21; 125pp; English.
XX
CC The invention relates to a composition comprising a substrate comprising
CC an array of capture probes hybridised to an expression vector or to a
CC nucleic acid protein conjugate. The capture probes are hybridised to an
CC expression vector or to a nucleic acid protein (NAP) conjugate. The
CC vector comprises: (a) a fusion nucleic acid; (b) a capture sequence; and
CC (c) an enzyme attachment sequence (EAS). The NAP conjugate comprises: (a)
CC a fusion polypeptide; and (b) an expression vector. The fusion nucleic
CC acid comprises a nucleic acid encoding the NAP enzyme or candidate
CC protein. The fusion polypeptide comprises a Rep and candidate protein.
CC The EAS and NAP enzyme are covalently attached. Also included are
CC detecting the presence of a target analyte in a sample, making biochips,
CC and making NAP conjugates. The composition is useful for diagnostic
CC applications, gene expression profiling or mutation detection. The
CC present sequence represents a viral Rep (or related protein e.g. Rep68,
CC Rep78, nonstructural protein, NS1, major coat protein or U94 protein) for
CC use in the composition of the invention
XX
SQ Sequence 610 AA;

Query Match 98.1%; Score 1721; DB 6; Length 610;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.8e-160;
Matches 324; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

```
Qy          1 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 60
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        221 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 280

Qy         61 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 120
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        281 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 340
```

```
Qy        121 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 180
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        341 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 400

Qy        181 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 240
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        401 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 460

Qy        241 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 300
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        461 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 520

Qy        301 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSR 324
              |||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        521 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSR 544
```

RESULT 14
ABU64760
ID ABU64760 standard; protein; 610 AA.
XX
AC ABU64760;
XX
DT 14-MAY-2003 (first entry)
XX
DE Adeno associated virus a Rep protein, #2.
XX
KW Biochip; capture probe; nucleic acid modification enzyme; NAM;
KW enzyme attachment sequence; EAS; single-nucleotide polymorphism; SNP;
KW protein-protein interaction.
XX
OS Adeno associated virus 5.
XX
PN US2002168640-A1.
XX
PD 14-NOV-2002.
XX
PF 22-FEB-2001; 2001US-00792630.
XX
PR 22-FEB-2001; 2001US-00792630.
XX
PA (LIMM/) LI M.
PA (DAHI/) DAHIYAT B I.
XX
PI Li M, Dahiyat BI;
XX
DR WPI; 2003-298722/29.
DR N-PSDB; ABX96524.
XX
PT Biochip composition useful for creating protein biochips for detecting
PT target analyte in a sample, has substrate having array of capture probes
PT hybridized to nucleic acid/protein conjugate.
XX
PS Disclosure; Fig 21; 123pp; English.
XX
CC The invention discloses a biochip composition comprising a substrate
CC having an array of capture probes, which are hybridised to a nucleic acid
CC (NA)/protein (NAP) conjugate containing a fusion polypeptide, comprising
CC a NA modification (NAM) enzyme and a candidate protein, and an expression
CC vector, comprising a NA encoding NAM enzyme and a candidate protein
CC fusion, a capture sequence and enzyme attachment sequence (EAS). The
CC biochip composition is useful for detecting the presence of a target
CC analyte in a sample, by contacting the sample with a biochip comprising
CC the compositions under conditions where target analytes can bind to at
CC least one of the candidate proteins to form an assay complex and
CC detecting the presence of target analyte on the substrate. The target
CC analyte is labelled with a fluorescent label and the method further
CC comprises adding a labelled soluble binding ligand to the assay complex.
CC The biochip compositions are useful for creating protein biochips which
CC are useful in diagnosing (detecting the presence of specific target
CC analytes), screening (looking for target analytes that bind to specific
CC proteins) and single-nucleotide polymorphism (SNP) analysis. The bioassay
CC chips are used in assays to determine protein-protein interactions. The
CC target analyte can be nucleic acid, drug, drug analogues or prodrugs. The
CC biochip compositions allow rapid and facile creation of protein biochips.
CC The sequences presented in ABU64750-ABU64772 are the proteins disclosed
CC in the invention
XX
SQ Sequence 610 AA;

```
  Query Match             98.1%;  Score 1721;  DB 6;  Length 610;
  Best Local Similarity   100.0%;  Pred. No. 3.8e-160;
  Matches  324;  Conservative    0;  Mismatches    0;  Indels    0;  Gaps    0;

Qy          1 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 60
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        221 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 280

Qy         61 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 120
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        281 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 340

Qy        121 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 180
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        341 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 400

Qy        181 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 240
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        401 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 460

Qy        241 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 300
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        461 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 520

Qy        301 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSR 324
              |||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        521 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSR 544
```

RESULT 15
ABR43398
ID ABR43398 standard; protein; 610 AA.
XX
AC ABR43398;
XX
DT 21-JUL-2003 (first entry)
XX
DE Adeno-associated virus 5 Rep protein SEQ ID NO:21.
XX
KW Library; nucleic acid conjugate; protein conjugate; fusion protein;
KW nucleic acid modification enzyme; candidate protein; screening;
KW enzyme attachment sequence; detection; target analyte; DNA technology;
KW bioinformatic; identification; Adeno-associated virus.
XX
OS Adeno-associated virus 5.
XX
PN WO2003025154-A2.
XX
PD 27-MAR-2003.
XX
PF 12-MAR-2002; 2002WO-US007466.
XX
PR 14-SEP-2001; 2001US-00953351.
XX
PA (XENC-) XENCOR.
XX
PI Doberstein SK, Jin CH, Li M, Liu H, Melander C;
XX
DR WPI; 2003-363143/34.
DR N-PSDB; ACC69245.
XX
PT New libraries of nucleic acid/protein (NAP) conjugates or genetic
PT libraries encoding enzyme fusion proteins, useful in DNA technology and
PT bioinformatics, particularly for identifying genes, proteins or analytes.
XX
PS Disclosure; Fig 21; 113pp; English.

XX
CC The present invention describes a library of nucleic acid/protein (NAP)
CC conjugates each comprising: (a) a fusion polypeptide comprising: (i) a
CC nucleic acid modification (NAM) enzyme; and (ii) a candidate protein; (b)
CC an expression vector having a fusion nucleic acid comprising a nucleic
CC acid encoding: (i) the NAM enzyme; and (ii) the candidate protein, where
CC at least two of the candidate proteins are different; and (c) an enzyme
CC attachment sequence (EAS), which is an RNA sequence. The EAS and the NAM
CC enzyme are covalently attached. Also described: (1) a library of
CC expression vectors; (2) making a library of fusion polypeptides; (3)
CC detecting the presence of a target analyte in a sample; and (4) screening
CC a library of small molecules. The library of NAP conjugates is useful for
CC detecting the presence of a target analyte in a sample, or for screening
CC a library of small molecules. The library is useful in DNA technology and
CC bioinformatics, particularly for identifying nucleic acids, proteins, or
CC their sequences, in their native cellular environment. The present
CC sequence represents the Adeno-associated virus 5 Rep protein, which is
CC given in the exemplification of the present invention
XX
SQ Sequence 610 AA;

Query Match 98.1%; Score 1721; DB 6; Length 610;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.8e-160;
Matches 324; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

```
Qy          1 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 60
              |||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        221 MALVNWLVEHGITSEKQWIQENQESYLSFNSTGNSRSQIKAALDNATKIMSLTKSAVDYL 280

Qy         61 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 120
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        281 VGSSVPEDISKNRIWQIFEMNGYDPAYAGSILYGWCQRSFNKRNTVWLYGPATTGKTNIA 340

Qy        121 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 180
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        341 EAIAHTVPFYGCVNWTNENFPFNDCVDKMLIWWEEGKMTNKVVESAKAILGGSKVRVDQK 400

Qy        181 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 240
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        401 CKSSVQIDSTPVIVTSNTNMCVVVDGNSTTFEHQQPLEDRMFKFELTKRLPPDFGKITKQ 460

Qy        241 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 300
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        461 EVKDFFAWAKVNQVPVTHEFKVPRELAGTKGAEKSLKRPLGDVTNTSYKSLEKRARLSFV 520

Qy        301 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSR 324
              ||||||||||||||||||||||||
Db        521 PETPRSSDVTVDPAPLRPLNWNSR 544
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Job time : 43.75 secs